SENATE BILL 6356

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Senators Padden, Kuderer, Holy, Dhingra, Wilson, L., Hasegawa, O'Ban, and Wagoner

Read first time 01/15/20. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

- AN ACT Relating to requiring training on human trafficking;
- 2 amending RCW 70.62.260; adding a new section to chapter 70.62 RCW;
- 3 and creating a new section.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that human 6 trafficking is a serious problem in the United States and in the 7 state of Washington. Polaris project, the largest anti-human 8 trafficking organization in the United States, hosts the national human trafficking hotline. Since the hotline's inception in 2007, 9 10 over fifty thousand human trafficking cases have been discovered. In 11 2018, the hotline identified over twenty-three thousand survivors of 12 human trafficking nationally. Human trafficking is an international problem that will continue to exploit the most vulnerable individuals 13 14 in a community if proper training and identification support is not 15 provided to the community at large.
 - (2) The legislature also recognizes that human trafficking is prevalent within hotels and motels across the country and in Washington. In 2018, eighty-one percent of the active sex trafficking cases in the United States involved a victim who was compelled to provide a commercial sexual act at a hotel. In 2017, forty-five percent of youth victims surveyed reported having been exploited in

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- hotels. There is evidence to suggest that training can be an effective way of raising awareness about human trafficking. According to the Washington-based anti-trafficking group businesses ending slavery and trafficking, hoteliers who received human trafficking awareness training reported a significant increase in the likelihood that they would call law enforcement if they suspected trafficking.
- 7 (3) It is the intent of the legislature to work toward the goal 8 of ridding hotels and other places of accommodation in Washington of 9 human trafficking.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 70.62
 RCW to read as follows:
- 12 (1) A transient accommodation shall provide annual training 13 regarding human trafficking to each of its employees.
- 14 (2) Training must be provided to all employees no later than 15 January 1, 2021, and to new employees no later than ninety days after 16 they begin their employment.

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- (3) The training required under this section must include, at a minimum, the following:
- 19 (a) The definition of human trafficking and commercial 20 exploitation of children, and the difference between sex trafficking 21 and labor trafficking;
- 22 (b) Guidance specific to the public lodging sector concerning how 23 to identify individuals who may be victims of human trafficking;
 - (c) Guidance concerning the role of the employees in responding to suspected human trafficking; and
 - (d) The contact information of appropriate agencies, including a national human trafficking hotline telephone number and the telephone numbers of appropriate local law enforcement agencies.
 - (4) By January 1, 2021, every operator of a transient accommodation shall post in a location conspicuous to employees signage regarding human trafficking awareness, printed in an easily legible font in English and any other language spoken by at least ten percent of the employees.
- 34 (5) By January 1, 2021, every operator of a transient 35 accommodation shall implement procedures for the voluntary reporting 36 of suspected human trafficking to the national human trafficking 37 hotline or to a local law enforcement agency, and a policy to act as 38 a guide for all employees on human trafficking prevention.

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Sec. 3. RCW 70.62.260 and 2004 c 162 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) (a) No person shall operate a transient accommodation as defined in this chapter without having a valid license issued by the department. Applications for a transient accommodation license shall be filed with the department sixty days or more before initiating business as a transient accommodation. All licenses issued under the provisions of this chapter shall expire one year from the effective date.
- (b) The department may not renew or issue a license to an applicant without first receiving written certification from the applicant that the human trafficking training requirements under section 2 of this act regarding training, signage, and procedures for reporting have been met.
- (2) All applications for renewal of licenses shall be either: (a) Postmarked no later than midnight on the date the license expires; or (b) if personally presented to the department or sent by electronic means, received by the department by 5:00 p.m. on the date the license expires.
- (3) A licensee that submits a license renewal application in accordance with this section and the rules and fee schedule adopted under this chapter shall be deemed to possess a valid license for the year following the expiration date of the expiring license, or until the department suspends or revokes the license pursuant to RCW 70.62.270.
- (4) The license of a licensee that fails to submit a license renewal application in accordance with this section, and the rules and fee schedule adopted under this chapter, shall become invalid on the thirty-fifth day after the expiration date, unless the licensee shall have corrected any and all deficiencies in the renewal application and paid a penalty fee as established by rule by the department before the thirty-fifth day following the expiration date. An invalid license may be reinstated upon reapplication as an applicant for a new license under subsection (1) of this section.
- 35 (5) Each license shall be issued only for the premises and 36 persons named in the application.

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